

## 03040202-060

(Fork Creek)

### General Description

Watershed 03040202-060 (formerly 03040202-050) is located in Chesterfield County and consists primarily of **Fork Creek** and its tributaries. The watershed occupies 26,764 acres of the Sandhills region of South Carolina. The predominant soil types consist of an association of the Blaney-Candor-Vaocluse-Gilead series. The erodibility of the soil (K) averages 0.12; the slope of the terrain averages 7%, with a range of 1-15%. Land use/land cover in the watershed includes: 43.5% forested land, 36.5% agricultural land, 14.1% scrub/shrub land, 4.9% barren land, 0.7% water, and 0.3% urban land.

Fork Creek accepts drainage from Canal Branch (Shady Slash Branch), Gum Branch (Dry Branch, Clark Mill Branch), Mill Branch, Meeting House Branch, and Joes Branch before joining Little Fork Creek. Reedy Fork flows into Little Fork Creek to form Plyer Pond. Further downstream, Little Fork Creek flows through Lake Terry and accepts drainage from Mose Branch, Canal Branch, and Brazzell Branch. The Fork Creek Watershed flows into the Lynches River. There are a total of 58.0 stream miles and several ponds (totaling 85.1) in this watershed, all classified FW.

### Water Quality

<u>Station #</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Class</u>	<u>Description</u>
PD-647	BIO	FW	LITTLE FORK CREEK AT COUNTY ROAD 39
PD-215	S	FW	LITTLE FORK CREEK AT S-13-265 1.5 MILES SW JEFFERSON
PD-067	S	FW	FORK CREEK AT SC 151
PD-068	S	FW	FORK CREEK AT UNNUMBERED ROAD 1.5 MILES SW JEFFERSON

**Little Fork Creek** - There are two monitoring sites along Little Fork Creek. At the upstream site (**PD-647**), aquatic life uses are fully supported based on macroinvertebrate community data. At the downstream site (**PD-215**), aquatic life uses are not supported due to occurrences of copper in excess of the aquatic life acute standards, including high concentrations of copper measured in 1994 and 1998. Recreational uses are fully supported and a significant decreasing trend in fecal coliform bacteria concentration suggests improving conditions for this parameter.

**Fork Creek** - There are two monitoring sites along Fork Creek. At the upstream site (**PD-067**), aquatic life uses are fully supported; however, there are significant increasing trends in five-day biochemical oxygen demand and turbidity. At the downstream site (**PD-068**), aquatic life uses are not supported due to occurrences of copper in excess of the aquatic life acute standards, including a very high concentration of copper measured in 1994. In addition, there was a significant increasing trend in turbidity. Recreational uses are not supported at either site due to fecal coliform bacteria excursions.

### NPDES Program

#### Active NPDES Facilities

**RECEIVING STREAM  
FACILITY NAME  
PERMITTED FLOW @ PIPE (MGD)  
COMMENT**

**NPDES#  
TYPE  
LIMITATION**

FORK CREEK  
CLEVELAND CAROKNIT PLT  
PIPE #: 001 FLOW: 0.720  
WQL FOR TRC,NH3N,BOD5

SC0002500  
MAJOR INDUSTRIAL  
WATER QUALITY

BRAZZELL BRANCH  
TOWN OF JEFFERSON WWTP  
PIPE #: 001 FLOW: 0.15  
WQL FOR TRC,NH3N,BOD5

SC0024767  
MINOR DOMESTIC  
WATER QUALITY

BRAZZELL BRANCH  
TOWN OF JEFFERSON WTP  
PIPE #: 001 FLOW: M/R  
WQL FOR TRC

SCG645015  
MINOR DOMESTIC  
WATER QUALITY

LITTLE FORK CREEK  
BREWER GOLD CO.  
PIPE #: 001 FLOW: 0.864  
WQL FOR TRC,NH3N,BOD5

SC0040657  
MINOR INDUSTRIAL  
WATER QUALITY

## Nonpoint Source Management Program

### Mining Activities

**MINING COMPANY  
MINE NAME**

**PERMIT #  
MINERAL**

MARTIN MARIETTA MATERIALS  
CHESTERFIELD QUARRY

1062-25  
GRANITE

BREWER SAND CO., INC.  
BREWER SAND PIT #2

0271-25  
SAND

## Water Supply

**WATER USER (TYPE)  
STREAM**

**REGULATED CAPACITY (MGD)  
PUMPING CAPACITY (MGD)**

TOWN OF PAGELAND (M)  
LAKE TERRY

1.40  
2.90

## Growth Potential

There is a low to moderate potential for growth in this watershed, which contains the Town of Jefferson and is adjacent to the Town of Pageland. The watershed is bisected by S.C. Hwy. 151, which has recently been widened to four lanes and a bypass around Jefferson has been completed. S.C. Hwy. 151 is a major travel corridor from Charlotte to Florence and Myrtle Beach, and additional commercial and industrial development is expected along this route. There is no sewer service in the watershed, but water service is provided for Jefferson and the area immediately surrounding it, along with a well water line running from Lake Terry to Pageland. Water service may be extended along S.C. Hwy 151 between Pageland and Jefferson, which could encourage growth.

**03040202-070**

**(Little Lynches River)**

## General Description

Watershed 03040202-070 is located in Lancaster and Kershaw Counties and consists primarily of the **Little Lynches River** and its tributaries from its origin to Mill Creek. The watershed occupies 86,935 acres of the Piedmont and Sandhills regions of South Carolina. The predominant soil types consist of an association of the Lakeland-Blanton-Wagram-Goldston series. The erodibility of the soil (K) averages 0.11; the slope of the terrain averages 12%, with a range of 0-45%. Land use/land cover in the watershed includes: 75.0% forested land, 15.6% agricultural land, 6.0% scrub/shrub land, 2.6% forested wetland, 0.3% water, 0.3% barren land, and 0.2% urban land.

Baskins Creek (Lyles Branch, Falls Branch, Bend Creek) is joined by Blackmon Branch to form the headwaters of the Little Lynches River. The Little Lynches River accepts drainage from Horton Creek (Little Lynches Creek, Sunrise Lake, Beckham Branch, Mobley Branch), Mill Creek, Camp Branch, Todds Branch, Haile Gold Mine Creek (Ledbetter Reservoir), and Neds Creek. Hanging Rock Creek (Lick Creek) flows past the City of Kershaw to join the Little Lynches River downstream of Neds Creek, followed by Gates Ford Branch and Shirley Creek. There are several ponds (totaling 134.0 acres) in this watershed and a total of 181.9 stream miles, all classified FW.

## Water Quality

<u>Station #</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Class</u>	<u>Description</u>
PD-640	BIO	FW	LITTLE LYNCHES CREEK AT S-29-88
PD-335	S	FW	HORTON CREEK AT S-29-95
PD-005	S	FW	TODDS BRANCH AT S-29-564 1.5 MILES NE OF KERSHAW
PD-006	P	FW	LITTLE LYNCHES RIVER AT US 601 2 MILES NE KERSHAW
PD-334	S	FW	HAILE GOLD MINE CREEK AT S-29-188
PD-632	BIO	FW	LITTLE LYNCHES RIVER AT SC 157
PD-109	P	FW	LITTLE LYNCHES RIVER AT SC 341, 4 MILES SE OF KERSHAW
(PD-343)	W	FW	LITTLE LYNCHES RIVER AT S-28-42
PD-329	S	FW	LICK CREEK AT S-29-13 ABOVE KERSHAW PLANT
PD-669	BIO	FW	HANGING ROCK CREEK AT SR 770
PD-328	S	FW	HANGING ROCK CREEK OFF S-29-84 1.6 MILES S OF KERSHAW

**Little Lynches Creek (PD-640)** - Aquatic life uses are partially supported based on macroinvertebrate community data.

**Horton Creek (PD-335)** - Aquatic life uses are fully supported, but recreational uses are not supported due to fecal coliform bacteria excursions.

**Todds Branch (PD-005)** - Aquatic life uses are fully supported. A significant decreasing trend in five-day biochemical oxygen demand suggests improving conditions for this parameter. Recreational uses are not supported due to fecal coliform bacteria excursions; however, a significant decreasing trend in fecal coliform bacteria concentration suggests improving conditions for this parameter.

**Little Lynches River** - There are three monitoring sites along this section of the Little Lynches River. Aquatic life uses are fully supported at the furthest upstream site (**PD-006**); however, there was a very high concentration of zinc measured in 1995 and a significant increasing trend in turbidity. A significant increasing trend in dissolved oxygen concentration and significant decreasing trends in five-day biochemical oxygen demand, total phosphorus concentration, and total nitrogen concentration suggest improving conditions for these parameters. Recreational uses are partially supported due to fecal coliform bacteria excursions. At the next site downstream (**PD-632**), aquatic life uses are fully supported based on macroinvertebrate community data.

Aquatic life uses are fully supported at the downstream site (**PD-109**); however, there is a significant increasing trend in turbidity. A significant increasing trend in dissolved oxygen concentration suggests improving conditions for this parameter. A very high concentration of chromium was measured in the 1997 sediment sample, and P,P'DDE (a metabolite of DDT) was detected in the 1994 and 1998 samples. Although the use of DDT was banned in 1973, it is very persistent in the environment. Recreational uses are fully supported.

Station **PD-343** is physically located in the lower Little Lynches River watershed 03040202-080, but also reflects the influence from this watershed drainage. Aquatic life uses are fully supported at **PD-343**, but recreational uses are partially supported due to fecal coliform bacteria excursions.

**Haile Gold Mine Creek (PD-334)** - Aquatic life uses are not supported due to pH excursions. There is a significant increasing trend in pH. Significant decreasing trends in five-day biochemical oxygen demand and total phosphorus concentration suggest improving conditions for these parameters. In sediment, a high concentration of mercury was measured in the 1995 sample. Recreational uses are fully supported.

**Lick Creek (PD-329)** - Aquatic life uses are fully supported. A significant decreasing trend in five-day biochemical oxygen demand suggests improving conditions for this parameter. Recreational uses are not supported due to fecal coliform bacteria excursions.

**Hanging Rock Creek** - There are two monitoring sites along Hanging Rock Creek. Aquatic life uses are partially supported at the upstream site (**PD-669**) based on macroinvertebrate community data. Aquatic life uses are fully supported at the downstream site (**PD-328**). A significant increasing trend in dissolved oxygen and a significant decreasing trend in five-day biochemical oxygen demand suggest improving conditions for these parameters. Recreational uses are partially supported at this site due to fecal coliform bacteria excursions.

## **NPDES Program**

### **Active NPDES Facilities**

**RECEIVING STREAM  
FACILITY NAME**

**NPDES#  
TYPE**

**PERMITTED FLOW @ PIPE (MGD)  
COMMENT**

**LIMITATION**

BECKHAM BRANCH  
TOWN OF HEATH SPRINGS/WWTP  
PIPE #: 001 FLOW: 0.075  
WQL FOR DO,TRC,NH3N

SC0040118  
MINOR DOMESTIC  
WATER QUALITY

BECKHAM BRANCH TRIBUTARY  
HEATH SPRINGS ELEMENTARY  
PIPE #: 001 FLOW: 0.012  
WQL FOR DO,TRC,NH3N

SC0035301  
MINOR DOMESTIC  
WATER QUALITY

HAILE GOLD MINE CREEK  
HAILE MINING VENTURE  
PIPE #: 001 FLOW: M/R  
PIPE #: 002 FLOW: M/R

SC0040479  
MINOR INDUSTRIAL  
WQL FOR TRC  
EFFLUENT

HANGING ROCK CREEK  
TOWN OF KERSHAW WTP  
PIPE #: 001 FLOW: M/R  
WQL FOR TRC

SC0041050  
MINOR DOMESTIC  
WATER QUALITY

HORTON CREEK TRIBUTARY  
ANDREW JACKSON HIGH SCHOOL  
PIPE #: 001 FLOW: 0.025  
WQL FOR DO,TRC,NH3N

SC0030198  
MINOR DOMESTIC  
WATER QUALITY

LICK CREEK  
TOWN OF KERSHAW WWTP  
PIPE #: 001 FLOW: 1.00  
WQL FOR DO,TRC,NH3N

SC0025798  
MAJOR DOMESTIC  
WATER QUALITY

## Nonpoint Source Management Program

### Mining Activities

**MINING COMPANY  
MINE NAME**

**PERMIT #  
MINERAL**

JIM LINEBERG GRADING & PAVING  
PARKER/BLACKWELL PIT

0440-57  
SAND

PIEDMONT MINING CO., INC.  
HAILE MINE

0601-57  
GOLD ORE

MINERAL MINING CORP.  
HILLTOP MINE

0214-57  
SERICITE

BREWER GOLD CO.  
SPRINGS PROJECT MINE

0933-57  
GOLD ORE

## Water Supply

**WATER USER (TYPE)  
STREAM**

**REGULATED CAPACITY (MGD)  
PUMPING CAPACITY (MGD)**

TOWN OF KERSHAW (M)

0.80

**Growth Potential**

There is a low to moderate potential for growth in this watershed, which contains the Towns of Kershaw and Heath Springs. A rail line connects the Town of Kershaw to the Cities of Lancaster and Camden along U.S. Hwy 521, and may provide some future growth.